

Louisville Evening Express.

OLD SERIES—VOL. XXV.

LOUISVILLE, TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 14, 1869.

NEW SERIES—VOL. I, NO. 126

DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN.

By West on Union Telegraph Lines for Sept.

CITY.	ES.	WIND.	THUR.	WEATHER.
St. Louis	S E	60	Clear.	
Chi. & Marg.	S W	70	Cloudy.	
Chi. & Marg.	S	67	Rain.	
Montgomery	S E	57	Cloudy.	
Jackson	N W	62	Cloudy.	
Jackson	S E	72	Clear.	
Fl. Monroe	N E	78	Clear.	
Charleston	E	84	Cloudy.	
Austin	—	84	Cloudy.	
Key West	—	84	Clear.	
Havana	S E	56	Cloudy.	
Memphis	S E	70	Rain.	
St. Louis	S E	70	Rain.	
Nashville	S E	70	Cloudy.	
Plaster Cove	N W	61	Clear.	
Boston	T W	71	Clear.	
New York	E N E	69	Clear.	
Buffalo	S E	72	Cloudy.	
Cleveland	N W	70	Cloudy.	
A. T. & S.	S E	70	Cloudy.	
Cincinnati	S E	68	Cloudy.	
Chicago	S	70	Clear.	

THE CITY.

Ex-Lover Andrew B. Moore of Alabama, is in the city, stopping at the Louisville Hotel.

Crowded.

The train from Cincinnati, which arrived this noon, was twice as long as usual and crowded with passengers who have come down to attend the fair.

Pistol Lost.

Lieutenant J. S. Cave, of the police, lost a Smith & Wesson pistol in a Market-street car last Friday night. Any one leaving it at the Police-office, Center and Green streets, will be rewarded.

Threats.

Felix Brown threatened to severely censure, if not utterly annihilate, a son of Eliza Phoenix, whereupon she had him before Justice Clement on a peace warrant. He was held to bail in \$50 for four months.

Accommodation.

For the balance of this week the accommodation train on the Frankfort road will extend its trip to Eminence, in order to accommodate the people along the line who may desire to be in daily attendance at the fair, and yet go home at night.

Kiel Again Reprieved.

Pending the rehearing in this case by the Court of Appeals, Gov. Stevenson has granted a respite, until October 8th, to Wm. Kiel, who was convicted and sentenced to be hung for the murder of his wife, at the January term of the Jefferson Circuit Court.

False Alarm.

About 12 o'clock to-day an alarm was rung from box 18, at the corner of Hancock and Main, or box 19, Preston and Fulton—accounts differ as to the number of the station. The engines turned out promptly, but not being able to find any fire, returned to their houses.

A Citizen of Louisville Shot.

The telegraph has advised us of the dastardly attempt to assassinate James Brooks, a revenue officer in Philadelphia. Ky. Dr. John Carrie is on trial for shooting Davis Smith of that county. It is alleged that he shot him in the back, and after discharging the first load of his gun that he pursued his victim and shot him again. There are forty-five witnesses in the case.

Trial for Murder.

A trial for murder is exciting great interest in Springfield, Washington county, Ky. Dr. John Carrie is on trial for shooting Davis Smith of that county. It is alleged that he shot him in the back, and after discharging the first load of his gun that he pursued his victim and shot him again. There are forty-five witnesses in the case.

The Skating Rink.

Notwithstanding the crowds at Cedar Hill, at Woodland Garden; at the Ladies Fair, at the Opera House and on the streets, the Skating Rink will to-night be one of the great centers of attraction. Our own citizens will crowd thitherward, and the strangers in the city who have never seen anything of the kind will fill the rink to its full capacity. We advise all who wish to enjoy a delightful evening to visit Mr. Glover's beautiful hall, certain that they will be delighted.

The Ladies' Fair.

The ladies' fair, for the benefit of the Odd-Fellows' Widows' Home and Orphans' College, was successfully inaugurated last night. The hall was brilliantly illuminated, elegantly fitted up, and filled with a gay crowd. The hall will be open all day. Dinner will be served to-night, and the fair be a crowd of happy ones. In addition to the other features, to-night a ball will be given in the supper-room. Of course the hall will be crowded.

Buried in a Pit.

Mr. Callahan is building some houses on Broadway, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets. Yesterday while Dock Murphy was down in a pit about ready to be walled up, and some 27 feet deep, the sides of the pit caved in upon him, burying him entirely out of sight. Another man was engaged above ground wheeling away dirt from the pit. He was struck on the head with the handle of his barrow as it went into the cavity and somewhat injured. As speedily as possible men were brought and went to work to dig Murphy out, in which they succeeded about 8 o'clock last night. When found he was standing upright, the dirt having fallen all around him. An inquest was held by Deputy Sheriff Fletcher, and verdict rendered accordingly. The boy's parents live in the alley between Clay and Shelby and Jefferson and Green.

THE HUMBOLDT CENTENNIAL.

The Concert Last Night—The Celebration To-Day.

Weisiger Hall was well filled last night by a brilliant and highly delighted audience. The programme was a good one, selected with great care, and produced with very fine effect. The orchestra of string instruments with two grand pianos and two performers at each piano, filled the house with the volume of their tones. The ladies of the Beethoven club, amateurs as they are, deserve the greatest thanks for the skillful rendering of the overtures to Athalia, Euryanthe and Seemore. The Liederkranz, the Saengerbund, and the Orpheus societies sang choruses in excellent style; but the greatest attractions of the evening were the piano solo by Ernst Zoller, the violin and piano duet by Anton and Ernst, and the vocal solo, duet and chorus (Miserere) from Trovatore by Mrs. B. M.—and the Orpheus Society. All of these were loudly encored. What glorious interpreters of the masters those Zollers are! Anton makes his violin weep and sob and wail, till one's heart is almost ready to burst with sympathy, or dance and jump and skip with joy till one is almost lifted off his feet. And Ernst—what shall we say of him? He has at will all the force of Heller, all the fire of Gottschalk, all the grace and delicacy of Thalberg! While performing, the audience were as quiet as the grave—an exceedingly rare compliment—but no more than he deserved! He will yet stand, acknowledged by the world, as the head of the profession, at least as far as being master of the piano and interpreter of the great composers.

The celebration of the anniversary is now in progress at Cedar Hill. At an early hour all the secret societies in the city, led by bands, marched in procession through various streets on their way to the Woodland Garden. The park was crowded with young and old, the philosopher and the sage, the boy and the old man, the maiden and the matron, the Woodland Garden is also the scene of great festivity. At the park the ceremonies consist of an opening address by Professor Hallinan, president of the executive committee, an English oration by Dr. S. P. Breckinridge, German oration by Dr. Ruschhaupt, music by a double orchestra, grand promenade concert, gymnastic exercises by the Turners, various games by the young folks, and the day's celebration will conclude with a grand display of fireworks under the direction of Mr. Diehl.

Accident at the Bridge.

Last evening, in consequence of the rise in the river, part of the temporary bridge used by the workmen at the great bridge was washed away by the strength of the current. The laborers were at work on pier 20, and moving materials to complete it, some fifteen being engaged at that point. Without any warning, the portions nearest piers 19 and 20 were washed away, leaving the men without any means of escape from their perilous situation. The towboat Neville was sent to to their relief as speedily as possible; and all were rescued without injury except Thomas Brown, a stone-cutter from Jeffersonville. He missed his footing in attempting to reach the boat, fell into the river, and was finally saved from destruction by great exertion, but not until severely injured in one of his legs.

The river is still rising, though not so rapidly as last evening. The dam is entirely under water, and a few inches more will cover the working-bridge over the falls. From all appearances it would be advisable to stop work there till the tide falls, or there will be loss of life.

Fire in Portland.

About twelve o'clock last night a fire broke out in Portland, in the alley behind Front street, below Commercial. There was a number of frame buildings in the alley, occupied almost entirely by negroes—three cottages and one two-story house.

The engines arrived in a short time and succeeded in subduing the flames before they had spread. Besides the dwellings two stables were also destroyed, in one of which were two horses and a mule. Two of the frames belonged to Mr. John Miller, whose loss is estimated at about seven hundred dollars. Another house and one of the stables belonged to Mr. Portman, about fifteen hundred dollars. Total loss some three thousand dollars. No insurance.

Louisville Opera House.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Albright were greeted with a fine audience. Johany Albright always a favorite with the theater-going public, and he has lost none of his popularity; on the contrary, time, by increasing his abilities, has but added to the attractions he presents; and Mrs. Mary Mitchell Albaugh, in the character of Louise, played her part with great force and excellence. In the fierce Miss Agnes Stanfield made her first appearance, and the taste she gave of her quality made her many friends.

Drowned.

Yesterday some boys were playing on the foot-bridge which crosses the creek at Shelby street, whos one of them, named Wm. Baker, about thirteen years old, slipped off into the water, and was drowned before assistance could reach him. An inquest was held by Deputy Sheriff Thos. Fletcher, and verdict rendered accordingly. The boy's parents live in the alley between Clay and Shelby and Jefferson and Green.

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Mr. Callahan is building some houses on Broadway, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets. Yesterday while Dock Murphy was down in a pit about ready to be walled up, and some 27 feet deep, the sides of the pit caved in upon him, burying him entirely out of sight. Another man was engaged above ground wheeling away dirt from the pit. He was struck on the head with the handle of his barrow as it went into the cavity and somewhat injured. As speedily as possible men were brought and went to work to dig Murphy out, in which they succeeded about 8 o'clock last night. When found he was standing upright, the dirt having fallen all around him. An inquest was held by Deputy Sheriff Fletcher, and verdict rendered accordingly. The boy's parents live in the alley between Clay and Shelby and Jefferson and Green.

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THE CONNECTION QUESTION.

A Union Depot.

The question as to right of way through the streets of the city for a connection between the Louisville and Nashville and the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington railroad tracks, will come up at the next meeting of the Council, as a special order, and as the Union depot is to all intents and purposes an important point closely connected with the right of way, it may also be freely canvassed, even should no decision be attained. As bearing upon this latter point, and giving also the views already expressed in these columns, we copy some suggestions on the subject lately published in the Courier-Journal, and give those suggestions and arguments our emphatic endorsement:

The question might be asked by those not engaged in handling the very projects of this kind, where is the right of way? We refer to the Council to our large shippers of produce to produce an answer to this question. They pay out fortunes every year for hauling millions of tons of produce for miles and miles over our streets from one shipping point to another—and for what purpose? Only to tax our citizens \$100,000 a year to repair streets, injure our private residences another \$100,000, by noise, dust, &c. And after all this, under our present arrangement of railroad depots outside and far distant from business, there are more obstacles and restraints thrown in the way of our commerce than that of any other Western city. The interest of the heavy shipping merchants is the city's interest, and we hope their views will not conflict in locating the union depot, which must become an important fixture, facilitating our trade and commerce for all time to come.

The heavy shipping merchants are decidedly in favor of locating the union depot at a central point at the head of the wharf; then when the L. & P. canal is finished the steamboats will all come through to the city where the right of business property belongs, and will be safe.

One year old and under two—First premium, \$10; second do., \$5. Closed with four entries. A. J. Alexander, first and second premiums.

Under one year old—First premium, \$10; second premium, \$5, closed with four entries. W. H. Hall, Shelby, first and second premiums.

Sweepstakes—Best bull, three years old and over—First premium, \$35; second premium, \$15; one entry. J. D. Barbour, Jefferson, first premium.

Best cow three years old and over—First premium, \$35; second premium, \$15; three entries. W. H. Hall, Shelby, first premium; B. D. Hudson, Jefferson, second premium.

The city, by placing its entire front above overflow, will make it worth ten times its present value, and civil engineers will no longer hesitate to report a practicable railroad route to it, for they build railroads every day over worse country than our Beargrass valley.

We are clearly in favor of the city giving as much wharf property as may be necessary for a grand union railroad depot, and having the right to take the property with it, if it costs the city a half million of dollars. It will be saved to the city in various ways in a few years, and be much better for all parties than to allow the railroad companies to go on in the old foggy way of locating their separate depots, where they may chance to buy cheap property around the city, entirely out of the way of business, and to the great detriment of business generally.

It is to be hoped the Council will examine the questions presented in all their main points; consider carefully what the best interests of the city, both as a corporation and a community, demand at their hands; and, having deliberately considered, will wisely decide, for this will be a decision which cannot be changed hereafter without great loss of time, money and trade.

The river is still rising, though not so rapidly as last evening. The dam is entirely under water, and a few inches more will cover the working-bridge over the falls. From all appearances it would be advisable to stop work there till the tide falls, or there will be loss of life.

We witnessed at this hall a large assortment of reapers, mowers, &c., entered by Jas. Threlkeld, of Louisville, and the Action Manufacturing Company, of Salem, Ind. A fine assortment of plows were on hand from the well-known house of Dodge, Rorke & Co., of Louisville, and Miller & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio. A large collection of stoves, &c., from Bridgeford & Co. Other articles were arriving, and by to-morrow the hall will be filled.

LOUISVILLE CITY COURT.

HON. E. S. CRAIG, JUDGE.

TUESDAY, September 14, 1869.

Liberty is preserved and maintained by the impartiality of the courts of justice. History proves that when the judicial power becomes corrupt, then liberty expires; and when the court eliminates the principles of justice and explains their philosophy, it is but fair to presume that they are impartially administered. Little rocks the citizen about the affairs of Motley or other ministers, or the laws governing their conduct. The public servants take care of that, but the laws governing his private and domestic affairs are to him of the utmost importance, and when for his peace and quiet he seeks the redress of the law in a peace warrant, he looks toward the Judge, and examines his ruling with the most anxious scrutiny. If the sentence order show a decided partiality, and exhibit prejudice, then farewell to his respect for the law and to the good opinions of all around him; but when a Judge, learned in the law, philosophically explains what might be misunderstood, and show the justice of it, then respect deepens into reverence, the State is virtuous, and the people happy. Therefore do we conclude by wishing that the courts may continue the course of explaining the decisions rendered, for it insures impartiality which protects the liberty of the people, and is a source of profit to the people and the public.

It is to be hoped the Council will take up during the session on Thursday mornings.

Henry Held, shooting Isaiah McCune without wounding; dismissed on motion of the Prosecuting Attorney, because the witness informed him that it was purely a case of self-defense.

Katherine Slater, drunk and disorderly: Prosecuting Attorney Hagan asked to withdraw the prayer for appeal in Monday, October 4th. The day school is in perpetual session.

For Rent. Attestation is called to the advertisement of G. F. Downs, offering a desirable house for rent.

Wallace's Patent Crate. John Wallace has an exhibition at the State Fair, one of his celebrated Telle and Basket Crates. It is very handsome and stylish, but not more than his ordinary manufacture. Wallace's crate is justly popular, for it embraces the desired qualities of economy of fuel, radiation of heat and cleanliness of action. It consumes less fuel, and it gives more heat. It is a masterpiece, and it is a source of profit to the State Fair.

Henry Held, shooting Isaiah McCune without wounding; dismissed on motion of the Prosecuting Attorney, because the witness informed him that it was purely a case of self-defense.

Thomas Howard, stealing a rope worth over four dollars from the Bridge Company, continued until to-morrow.

Mary Barr, drunk and disorderly. Mary was bent on the suicide game, so she deliberately swallowed rot-gut whisky and placed a three-pronged fork at her throat. Her attorney stated that it

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LOUISVILLE.

TUESDAY SEPTEMBER 14, 1869.

The Humboldt Centennial.

Frederick Henry Alexander Von Humboldt was born at Berlin, on the 4th of September, 1769. This day, therefore, completes an hundred years from his advent into the world. He died at the place of his birth on the 6th of May, 1859, after having lived his four score years and ten. Had his life been spared but another ten years he would have been one of the observers of the centennial celebrations in honor of his distinguished career. Though he had lived, however, far beyond the allotted time of man, he was not permitted to mingle in the honors of his own centennial.

Humboldt was, perhaps, the most remarkable man of the nineteenth century. The long years over which his great life extended were not years of idleness. From the lectures of Fischer in mathematics, Engel in Philosophy and Dohm in Politics, which he heard in his youth at home, to his extended researches over the habitable globe, there was not an hour of his marvelous life that was not devoted to the acquisition of knowledge. Such industry and perseverance have seldom been the lot of man, and but few of our race have lived to acquire the universal knowledge which he possessed.

The first literary attempt of this great man was an essay upon the art of weaving among the ancient Greeks. It was never published, but now that his fame is known as the great master of knowledge not common among men, this first attempt may indicate the novel paths into which those splendid intellectual gifts were destined to travel. His first published work was the fruit of an excursion along the Rhine while at the University of Göttingen, in 1790, and though now lost sight of in the greatness of his subsequent works, it was yet indicative of his peculiar turn of thought.

It would be vain, within the limits of a newspaper article, to attempt even the characteristics of the great Humboldt. There was no department of human knowledge to which his great powers were directed that he did not enrich with valuable stores. One of his earliest works on the contractions of the muscles and nerves added to the information of those who had made physiology the study of long lives. It was he who reduced to coherence the volumes of knowledge accumulated by Linnaeus and others in Botany and made them a distinctive science. His measurement of altitudes led to the establishment of the meridional lines which are now deemed of such importance on the variegated surface of the globe. His view of the connection between physical sciences and human history has led to the establishment of a school whose investigations are daily leading to novel and important results. Originally educated for a geologist, he soon mastered all that others knew of that science, and during his life added to it what the rest of mankind will be long in learning.

He was emphatically a gatherer of knowledge from every age and every clime. His splendid mind soon held the lore that books brought down from the past, and that living intellects held in the learned country of his birth. When no more was to be learned at home he sought foreign lands, and added to his already rich store, the wealth of other climes. Europe was traversed, and he passed over into Asia and Africa and the islands of the sea to learn what the heavens above and the lands beneath might teach the human mind in the interests of his race. And not content with this broad field of observation he crossed the Atlantic and moved among the mountains and the plains, the lakes and the rivers of the new world. The nineteenth century has produced no such traveler as Humboldt—no man who saw such a scientific eye and gathered so much useful knowledge therefrom.

THEIR really seems to be no end to new submarine telegraphs. We have recently chronicled the commencement of three or four of these enterprises, and we have now to mention two additional ones. The first is the India, Australia and Submarine Telegraph, to connect the telegraphic system of British India, at Point de Galle, in the Island of Ceylon, with the Straits Settlements, Australia and China. The first section of this work is to extend from Ceylon to Penang, and the contract for the cable has been made for three hundred and twenty-five thousand pounds.

The other enterprise is that of the International Mid-Channel Company, which is projected for the purpose of extending the advantages of telegraphy by establishing a system of telegraph ships, connected by telegraph cables with the main land, and moored in the track of vessels passing through the British seas. The first station is to be established in October at a point in the British Channel midway between Scilly and Nashant, where a vessel will be moored in fifty-five fathoms of water and placed in communication, by means of a cable, with the public telegraph system at Penzance.

CHARIVARI establishes a sarcastic parallel between Pericles and Haussmann, and says that the former declined all presents, while the latter pocketed them all. The French journal refrained, from a feeling of international delicacy, to point to the contrast between Pericles and Gen. Grant.

DR. SHELTON MACKENZIE makes the mysterious announcement that Byron's autobiography, which Moore burned, "will yet see the light." —*Traveling paragraphs.*

Dr. Shelton Mackenzie made this mysterious announcement not less than fifteen years ago. It will be found in a note to a conversation between Timothy Tickler, Ensign Odoherty, and the Ettrick Shepherd, in the *Notes* for June, 1824 on the subject of Byron's unpublished autobiography. Dr. Mackenzie's edition of *Notes Ambrosiana* first appeared in the latter part of 1854, though bearing the imprint of 1856. The note we refer to will be found in the first volume, at page 436. It is as follows:

"The Great Lady in Florence," for whose reading Byron's autobiography was copied, was the present Countess of Westmoreland. Her husband had been Envoy Extraordinary to the court of Tuscany. Of the copy sent to her, I have heard a copy was made and retained. No copy was sent to Galignani by Murray. Lady Blessington had the autobiography in her possession for weeks, and confessed to having transcribed every line of it. Moore remonstrated, and Lady B. committed her manuscript to the flames, but she did not tell him that her sister, Mrs. Home Pavis, had also made a copy. In fact, several people had been allowed the like opportunity, and it is hard to believe that at least of ten or twelve persons only three, and these women, had taken the trouble of transcribing. From the quantity of "copy" which I have seen, and others were more in the way of falling across it than myself, I surmise that at least half a dozen copies were made, and that five of these are yet in existence. Some particular transactions such as the marriage and the separation—were copied separately; but I think there cannot be less than five full copies yet to be found.

The Dents are bound to make a noise. Lewis not only wants to be Governor of Mississippi, but he wants land. The St. Louis Republican, of yesterday, says:

Some commotion is created in Carondlet from the fact that Mr. Louis Dent comes from Washington with a patent from the General Land Office, giving him possession of some lands below the river Des Peres, formerly known as the Gabriel Cerre tract. The tenants are much alarmed about the matter. The uninclosed portion of the tract is being fenced in by the new claimant. The land was once a part of the Coraopolis common fields, and the piece was, for many years, in litigation, the claimant being Mr. Frederick Dent, the General. It was supposed that the matter had long been settled by the courts, adversely to Mr. Dent, and new transfers of the property were made until now the subject is revived in the manner indicated.

CITY ITEMS.

Rustic Portraits, photographic novelties, at Stowe's gallery, Fourth and Green. \$15 25

An Experience.

Of a third of a century has given L. Rice, Esq., of the AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON, a knowledge of all the requisites of a first-class hotel. The popularity of that hotel indicates that the public appreciates his efforts to please.

S. T.—1860—X.—The unprecedented and extraordinary demand for PLANTATION BITTERS is evidently owing to their being prepared exclusively with pure St. Croix rum, calisaya bark, &c. Our druggists complain that it is almost impossible to keep a supply, and that their orders, owing to the great demand, are but tardily executed. Do not become discouraged. Be sure and get the genuine.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. \$15 eodl & w

CARRIAGES, ROCKAWAYS, Open and Top Buggies. A fine stock on hand, for sale low, at SPENCEY'S CARRIAGE FACTORY, Jefferson street, between Sixth and Seventh. \$13 50

PIANOS—SHEET MUSIC PIANOS.

PIANOS.—A fine stock of musical instruments, including pianos, organs, &c., at reasonable prices. J. H. SPENCEY, 111 Main street, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 6, 1869. \$13 50

DISTRIBUTION.

W. HENRY PERRIN, EDWARD B. BARNARD, JAMES H. NICHOLSON and CHARLES J. LEWIS, will have this day their annual company meeting in the name of Perrin, Barnard & Co., for the purpose of conducting a General Annual Advertising and Collecting Agency. Office: H. FAULDS, 10 Main street, Louisville, Ky. \$13 50

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

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W. HENRY PERRIN, EDWARD B. BARNARD, JAMES H. NICHOLSON and CHAS. E. CALVERT, 10 Main street, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 10, 1869. \$13 50

NEWSPAPER

ADVERTISING AND COLLECTING

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COUPPER-PLATE PRINTING AND ENGRAVING.

WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS, MONOGRAMS, &c., engraved to order. INITIAL STAMPING free. Visiting Cards printed from plate. A large assortment of the best French and American note paper always on hand at

FRANK MADDEN'S, Jefferson street, bet. Third and Fourth. \$13 50

SHOEMAKER & HAARMAN.

Every description of mattresses made and repaired; also, furniture of all kinds repaired, and everything in that line of business is at T. J. Merritt's & Co., No. 95 Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth.

PEOPLE'S CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

And which I have restocked with a new, large and varied assortment of goods for men's wear, embracing everything required to complete a

MAN'S OR A BOY'S OUTFIT.

My goods are not to be had elsewhere, and I trust by this notice to give attention to the wishes of my customers, to deserve and receive a fair share of public patronage.

MARK STRAUS, Corner Market and First streets, Louisville. New Goods from New York constantly received. \$13 50

W. W. WYATT, MANUFACTURE OF SILVER & WOODEN SHOW CASES, AND DEALER IN

French & American Window Glass

LOOKING GLASSES, Looking Glass Plates, and Show Cards

No. 104 Main street bet. Fifth and Sixth, \$13 50

STRUBY & MERGELL, Architects

Office—S. W. Cor. Main & Seventh Sts., \$13 50

LOUISVILLE, KY.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The Fever and Ague Season.

When the leaves begin to change, the heat and humidity for the most part, disappears from the earth, bathed nightly in heavy dew, from marshes and ponds, and the dyed foliage of the woods, from festering pools and sluggish streams, the sun of September evokes clouds of miasma, and the body, deprived by the burning temperature of July and August, of much of its vigor and strength, is easily affected by the disease. The fever and ague, and all the diseases that are produced by a depraved condition of the atmosphere, are easily affected by the disease.

There is no reason why the health of thousands of people should be thus sacrificed. A certain protection against the epidemic and endemic diseases which are prevalent in unhealthy localities, liable to such visitations, given to the warning and advice conveyed by this advertisement, and they may be of great service to those who are not in a position to pay for the services of a physician.

Let all those who desire to escape the fever and ague, take the BITTERS at least twice a day throughout the present season. It is as wholesome as it is infallible. Louisville BITTERS, engraved on the label and embossed on the bottle, and the revenue stamp covering the cork, are to be had at

set 11. SHIRLEY & MCCORKLE.

LOUISVILLE HOTEL,

Corner Sixth and Main streets, Louisville, Ky.

M. KEAN & CO., PROPRIETORS.

THE above hotel has just been entirely renovated and refurbished, and is, by reason of its central location, particularly suitable for the business man, who is in town. It will be kept on strictly first-class principles. It will be kept on strictly first-class principles.

It is to be kept on strictly first-class principles.

MANHOOD

and the Vigor of Youth restored in four weeks. Success guaranteed. Dr. RICORD's ESSENCE of LIFE restores many powers, from whatever cause arising; the effects are permanent, and the patient recovers his impetuosity and climate, giving way at once to this wonderful medicine, if taken regularly according to the directions (which are very simple). It is a great remedy for the cure of the ague, and for pleasure, as well as for health.

BITTERS, engraved on the label and embossed on the bottle, and the revenue stamp covering the cork, are to be had at

set 11. SHIRLEY & MCCORKLE.

WILLARD HOTEL,

Corner Sixth and Main streets, Louisville, Ky.

H. F. HUBER, Chairman of Committee.

LOUISVILLE OPERA HOUSE.

HARRY C. DATES, Sole Lessee and Manager.

Second Night of the Popular Favorites.

W. N. ALBRIGHT and Mr. J. W. ALBRIGHT.

Tuesday Evening, September 14,

The French drama of

EUSTACHE.

Entsatz... Mr. J. W. Albright.

...Mrs. Mary Mitchell Albright.

To coincide with the farce of a QUIET LIFE.

In rehearsal; Brougham's play, "The Lottery of Life."

Thanking the public for the generous patronage extended to it in years past, they hope to merit the continuance of public favor.

JO. WHIPPS & WILLARD, Proprietors.

LAW CARDS.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, B. T. DURRETT.

BRAMLETTE & DURRETT,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS AT LAW,

Office at 99½ east side Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson streets,

Telephone, 145.

DRUGGISTS.

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WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

DAILY EXPRESS.

LOUISVILLE.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1869.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

Why the Alabama Claims are not Agitated.

The Louisville Postoffice Still a Matter of Doubt.

Election of Judge Dent in Mississippi Assured.

Frelinghuysen Tendered the Mission to China.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—The State Department has no official advice from Minister Motley showing that he has taken any new step regarding negotiations for the settlement of the Alabama claims. It is not positively known, but it is believed that it is mutually agreed between the two Governments to wait until the temper of the British people has fully quieted down, when the ministry can approach the matter more unflinchingly by the prejudice of English sentiment. It is regarded as very doubtful whether any new negotiation will progress far enough to warrant any favorable report by the President in his annual message to Congress. A member of the Cabinet attributes the delay to an intention to wait and see if this Government does not concede the British Government's position on the Alabama question by recognizing the belligerency of Cuba.

THE CABINET VACANCY.

Pennsylvanians who have been putting forward certain influences to secure for their State the vacant position appear to have received assurance in some way from the President that there will be no permanent appointment for at least two months. They are nevertheless confident that when it is made Pennsylvania will be again in the Cabinet.

THE LOUISVILLE POSTOFFICE.

A squad of radical Kentucky Republicans here were horrified on learning to-day for the first time that their designs on the Louisville postoffice had been sprung, and that the appointment of Bayles had been revoked. They endeavored to secure a reconsideration of the matter, but found the postal authorities immovable. While it is not likely that Dr. Spill will be retained it is certain that Bayles will not be made postmaster in his place.

MISSISSIPPI.

A letter detailing the action of the Conservative Convention at Jackson, Miss., received here to day, leaves hardly any doubt of the future election of Judge Dent for Governor. The negroes, in large numbers, express their disgust of carpet-baggers, and have decided to support the Conservative ticket. The office-holders are rather quiet, fearing to make any preference in the absence of positive information, as to which side the administration will take.

VIRGINIA.

Virginia politicians say that the Virginia Legislature has a right to go into the election of U. S. Senators, after adopting the Fifteenth Amendment, and that they will proceed to do so prior to the recognition by Congress.

COTTON IN GEORGIA AND FLORIDA.

Advices from Georgia and Florida say that about one-half of the cotton crop has been destroyed by caterpillars in those States.

THE CHINA MISSION.

There is reason to believe that the President has tendered Ex-Senator Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey, the mission to China. It is decided not to appoint George Wilkes.

THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.

Gov. Hoffman, of New York, has transmitted to the Secretary of State his official certificate of the ratification of the fifteenth amendment.

HUMBOLDT.

The Prussian Minister left for New York to-day to attend the Humboldt election.

REVENUE SEIZURES.

The following seizures were reported at the Internal Revenue Bureau: First district of California, 6,000 cigars; fourth district of Illinois, 3,600 cigars; fourth district of Kentucky, 1,150 cigars; third district of Kentucky, a distillery; twenty-fourth district of Pennsylvania, a distillery; Twenty-third district of Michigan, a distillery; Twenty-third district of Pennsylvania, 1,000 pounds of tobacco from R. M. Dodson; First district of Ohio, L. H. Carr & Co's tobacco factory. Several seizures of from five to fifty barrels of spirits in different parts of the country were also reported.

THE GENERAL LAND OFFICE.

is in receipt of returns from the following district land offices, showing a disposal during the past month of 26,657 acres of the public domain: St. Severn's Point, Wis., 12,088; Bayfields, Wis., 2,825; Greenleaf, Minn., 5,214; and Dakota City, Nebraska, 6,550. The greater portion of these lands were taken by actual settlers under the homestead act, and the remainder sold for cash and located with military land warrants.

MAINE.

The Election—A Small Vote Polls Chamberlain's Majority About 8,000.

PORLAND, Sept. 13.—Election very quiet. Vote probably smaller than last year, but the parties will be relatively nearly the same as then. The Hichborn ticket takes off nearly 10 per cent of the Republican vote in places where there will not be enough to defeat an election by the people.

The following is the vote in this city: Chamberlain, Republican, 1,790; Smith, Democrat, 829; Hichborn, Radical temperance, 140. Last year the vote stood Republican, 3,597; Democrat, 2,392.

PORLAND, Sept. 13, 9 P. M.—The State election passed off quietly. But little interest was felt and the vote is comparatively small. Returns come in slowly. Fourteen towns gave Chamberlain, 19,167; Smith, 13,672; Hichborn, 206. Chamberlain's majority 3,492, against 10,674 over Pillsbury last year. This is almost half the State, and indicates a strong vote for the Radical party.

The following is the vote in this city: Chamberlain, 8,661; Pillsbury 5,932; being a majority of 1,729 against 2,678 last year. Bangor, Augusta, Belfast, Rockland, and Lewiston all give Republican majorities. Biddeford gives Democratic majorities.

Augusta, Sept. 13.—9 P. M.—Chamberlain, 19,167; Smith, 13,672; Hichborn, 206. Chamberlain's majority 3,492. Same towns last year gave Chamberlain 31,363; Smith, 21,317; Chamberlain, 6,661. Last year the same towns gave Chamberlain, 8,661; Pillsbury 5,932, being a majority of 1,729 against 2,678 last year. Bangor, Augusta, Belfast, Rockland, and Lewiston all give Republican majorities. Biddeford gives Democratic majorities.

The following last carried fifteen of the sixteen counties. This year they lose one or two more. They probably elect twenty-seven of the thirty-one Senators, although on account of the split ticket there may be no choice in a few cases, it requires a majority to elect. Senator. The Republicans are a number of Representatives on account of the Hichborn vote, as in the case of the Representatives a plurality elects, but they retain a large majority in the House. As far as heard from the Hichborn party have elected no candidate.

PORLAND, Midnight, Sept. 13.—One hundred towns give Chamberlain, 22,762; Smith, 18,890; Hichborn, 2,828. Last year these towns gave Chamberlain, 37,076 and Pillsbury 26,404. Chamberlain's majority this year is 4,497, against 10,674 over Pillsbury last year. This is almost half the State, and indicates a strong vote for the Radical party.

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FOREIGN.

ENGLAND.

THE BYRON CONTROVERSY.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 13.—The Daily News contains another letter from Wm. Howitt on the charges against Lord Byron. He says Lady Byron has condemned herself by the breach of an honorable silence. Irreparable injury was done Byron by the destruction of the papers containing his justification, and a solution of the question is impossible except on *ex parte* evidence.

Dr. Forbes Winslow, in a communication on the same subject, holds that the theory of mental aberration of Lady Byron cannot be maintained.

FRANCE.

The Times in an editorial to-day, commenting on the Emperor's illness and the publication of the Senate's Constitution, says the person of the sovereign is of secondary importance. Personal government has ended. It matters little who is Emperor or regent. The essential question is not who is Emperor, but on what terms does he hold his office, and on what principles does he conduct the administration. No one can govern except through the Cabinet and enjoying the confidence of a majority of the people.

SPAIN.

The Times in an editorial to-day, commenting on the Emperor's illness and the publication of the Senate's Constitution, says the person of the sovereign is of secondary importance. Personal government has ended. It matters little who is Emperor or regent. The essential question is not who is Emperor, but on what terms does he hold his office, and on what principles does he conduct the administration. No one can govern except through the Cabinet and enjoying the confidence of a majority of the people.

THE PENAL CODE—GEN. PRIM.

MADRID, Sept. 13.—Commissioners have been named to consider the alteration of the penal code for the colonies, administrative reforms, and the abolition of slavery in Porto Rico.

PARIS, Sept. 13.—General Prim has arrived here.

THE CUBAN INSURRECTION.

MADRID, Sept. 13.—The Imperial insists on the necessity of the speedy suppression of the Cuban insurrection. A part of the reinforcements for Cuba have sailed for Barcelona. Other detachments will follow from Cartagena.

DIFFERENCES.

are growing up between the progressist and unionist parties.

ST. LOUIS.

ARREST OF PERRY FULLER—STATEMENT OF THE CURE—ARREST OF A NEGRO FOR ATTEMPTED RAPE—MAN KILLED.

St. Louis, Sept. 13.—Perry Fuller, who came here last week, in company with Daniel W. Voorhees, of Ills., his attorney, to defend a suit instituted against him by the First National Bank of Washington, was arrested to-day for *robbery*. It is alleged that he is the principal passage through the New Orleans custom-house of 500 bags of coffee. About \$5,000 worth of goods, shipped from New York and consigned to Hayes at Ottawa, Kansas, have been attached in transit by the First National Bank of Washington, and the First National Bank of Ottawa, as security for the payment of the amount.

The Times of this city, which will publish full particulars to-morrow, asserts that it is a malicious prosecution, having its origin in some of the affairs of the National Bank at Little Rock, Ark., which failed some time ago.

The U. S. Commissioner held Fuller in \$500 to appear to-morrow, which he could not give, but the master was arranged without sending him to jail by ex-Gov. Fletcher and other prominent men, who became personally responsible for his appearance. Fuller asserted the only interest he has in the goods attached by the Washington Bank is that he went on Hayes's paper for some of his purchases in New York.

While two gentlemen named Dwyer and Deneau were bringing a negro named Andrew Coleman from a place twelve miles in the country to the police station in the city, charged with assaulting Dwyer's wife and attempting violence with a view of outraging her person, went about to shoot the negro, who was a party to the killing, and was shot by a dozen or fifteen men and a shot fired at them, which was returned, and one of the number killed. Whether the assaulting party was black or white, or whether their design was to lynch or rescue the negro, is not known, as it was too dark to be known, but Coleman escaped in the excitement and has not yet been arrested.

THE AVONDALE DISASTER.

WILKESBORO, Sept. 13.—The Miners' Union unfeebly states that the miners have been driven from the coal fields by the work of an imbecile. They regard such report as a subterfuge to turn the public mind from the responsibility resting on the Railroad Company.

OHIO STATE FAIR.

TOLEDO, Sept. 13.—The State Fair opened to-day. The entries already number 600, being largely in excess of the first day last year. Weather fine.

THE CRICKET MATCH.

A hard-earned victory for the Kentucky Club.

The match game of cricket between the Indianapolis and Kentucky clubs was yesterday a hard-earned victory for both sides, with some very excellent play on both sides. In two innings the Kentucky won the game by two runs and seven wickets to go down. A full summary. The Kentucky won the toss and sent the Indianapolis to bat:

INDIANAPOLIS—FIRST INNINGS.

Daverton & Brooks, 10; C. Brooks, 10; Brown & Brooks, 10; Sprout & Sheraton, 10; Hayes & Greenleaf, 10; Smith & Sheraton, 10; Thompson, 10; Garrett absent; Cartwright absent; Hayes 5, 1 byes 5.

INDIANAPOLIS—SECOND INNINGS.

Balls, Runs, Maidens, Wickets. Sheraton, 46, 22, 1, 2; Crooks, 48, 22, 1, 2; Good, 6, 4, 0, 0.

INDIANAPOLIS—THIRD INNINGS.

Balls, Runs, Maidens, Wickets. Sheraton, 39, 27, 0, 1; Crooks, 30, 9, 1, 0; Good, 45, 20, 0, 4; Crook, 24, 3, 2, 0.

SCORER FOR INDIANAPOLIS—Major Allen.

KENTUCKY—FIRST INNINGS.

Balls, Runs, Maidens, Wickets. Sheraton, 46, 22, 1, 2; Crooks, 48, 22, 1, 2; Good, 6, 4, 0, 0.

KENTUCKY—SECOND INNINGS.

Balls, Runs, Maidens, Wickets. Sheraton, 39, 27, 0, 1; Crooks, 30, 9, 1, 0; Good, 45, 20, 0, 4; Crook, 24, 3, 2, 0.

SCORER FOR KENTUCKY—Major Allen.

ANALYSIS OF BOWLING.

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